

#### PILLAR III DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS AS OF 30th JUNE 2022

#### 1. Scope of Application and Capital Adequacy

Dhanlaxmi Bank is a Commercial Bank, which was incorporated on November 14, 1927 in Thrissur, Kerala. The Bank does not have any subsidiary/ Associate companies under its Management.

#### **Table DF 1 – SCOPE OF APPLICATION**

Name of the head of the banking group to which the framework applies: Dhanlaxmi Bank Ltd

#### Bank has no subsidiaries

Name of	Whether the	Explain the	Whether the	Explain the	Explain the	Explain the
the entity /	entity is	method of	entity is	method of	reasons for	reasons if
Country of	included	consolidatio	included	consolidatio	difference	consolidate
incorporatio	under	n	under	n	in the	d under
n	accounting		regulatory		method of	only one of
	scope of		scope of		consolidatio	the scopes
	consolidatio		consolidatio		n	of
	n (yes / no)		n (yes / no)			consolidatio
						n
Dhanlaxmi	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not	Not
Bank Ltd,	<u>Applicable</u>	<u>Applicable</u>	<u>Applicable</u>	<u>Applicable</u>	<u>Applicable</u>	<u>Applicable</u>
India						

#### (i) Qualitative Disclosures:

- a. List of group entities considered for consolidation: Nil
- b. List of group entities not considered for consolidation both under the accounting and regulatory scope of consolidation

Name of the	Principle	Total	% of	Regulatory	Total balance sheet assets
entity /	activity of	balance	bank's	treatment of	(as stated in the accounting
country of	the entity	sheet equity	holding	bank's	balance sheet of the legal
incorporation		(as stated in	in the	investments	entity)
		the	total	in the	
		accounting	equity	capital	
		balance		instruments	
		sheet of the		of the entity	
		legal entity)			
Nil					

Any restrictions or impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the banking group: Nil

#### **TABLE DF 2- CAPITAL ADEQUACY**

#### **Qualitative disclosures:**

#### Basel- III guidelines issued by RBI

Reserve Bank of India had issued Guidelines based on the Basel III reforms on capital regulation in May 2012, to the extent applicable to Banks operating in India. The Basel III capital regulation has been implemented from April 1, 2013 in India. The transition to the Basel III Capital Regulations is in a phased manner and during the transitional period the Bank is subject to the compliance with the regulatory limits and minimum CRAR prescribed under Basel III Capital Regulation on an ongoing basis. The Basel III Capital Regulations have been consolidated in Master Circular RBI/2022-23/12 DOR.CAP.REC.3/21.06.201/2022-23 — Basel III Capital Regulations dated April 1, 2022.

Basel III Capital regulations continue to be based on 3 mutually reinforcing Pillars viz, Minimum Capital requirements (Pillar I), Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (Pillar II) and Market Discipline (Pillar III). The circular also prescribes the risk weights, for the Balance Sheet assets, non funded items and other off Balance Sheet exposures and the minimum Capital Funds to be maintained as a ratio to the aggregate of the Risk Weighted Assets (RWA) and other exposures, as also, capital requirements in the Trading book, on an ongoing basis and Operational risk. The Basel-III norms mainly seek to:

- a) Raise the quality of capital to ensure that the Banks are capable to absorb losses on both as going concern and as gone concern basis,
- b) Increase the risk coverage of the capital framework
- c) Introduce Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR), Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) and Leverage Ratio to serve as a backstop to the risk based capital measure.
- d) Raise the standards for the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process and Public Disclosures etc.

The macro prudential aspects of Basel III are largely enshrined in the capital buffers, viz., Capital Conservation Buffer and Counter Cyclical Capital Buffer. Both the buffers are intended to protect the Banking sector from stress situations and business cycles. The Capital Conservation Buffer requirements started from March 31, 2016 and are fully implemented by October 1, 2021.

#### **Summary**

#### (i) Tier I Capital: Tier I capital of the Bank includes

- > Equity Share Capital
- Reserves & Surpluses comprising of
  - Statutory Reserves,
  - Capital Reserves,
  - **\$** Share Premium and
  - ❖ Balance in P&L Account
  - \* Revaluation Reserves
  - Special Reserves

#### (a) Common Equity Tier I

The Bank has authorised share capital of Rs. 400 Cr, comprising 40 Cr equity shares of Rs.10/- each. As on June 30, 2022, the Bank has Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up capital of Rs.253,01,20,840/-, constituting 25,30,12,084 Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each. The Bank's shares are listed on the National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE).

#### (b) Additional Tier I Capital

As on June 30, 2022 the Bank does not have Additional Tier I Capital.

(ii) **Tier 2 Capital** includes Investment Fluctuation Reserves, Standard Asset Provisions, Investment Reserves, Provision for Restructured Standard Assets & Advances and Tier II Bonds.

#### **Debt Capital Instruments:**

The Bank has been raising capital funds by means of issuance of Upper Tier 2 Bonds and Subordinated Bonds. The details of eligible Upper Tier 2 and Subordinated Debt (Unsecured Redeemable Non-convertible Subordinated Bonds in the nature of Promissory Notes/ Debentures) issued by the Bank and outstanding as on June 30, 2022, are given below. The Bonds considered in computation of Tier 2 Capital is as per the criteria for inclusion of Debt Capital Instruments as Tier 2 Capital detailed in the Basel III Master Circular.

Rs. in Cr

Series	Coupon (%)	Date of	Maturity	Amount
		Allotment	Date	of Issue *
Series XV	Payable half yearly @ 11.00%	29.03.2018	29.03.2025	150.00

<sup>\*</sup>Of this Rs.60.00 Cr is eligible for Tier 2 Capital under Basel III.

#### **Quantitative Disclosures:**

#### Risk exposure and assessment

Besides computing CRAR under the Pillar I requirement, the Bank also periodically undertakes Stress Testing in various risk areas to assess the impact of stressed scenario or plausible events on asset quality, liquidity, profitability and capital adequacy. The Bank conducts Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) on annual basis to assess the sufficiency of its capital funds to cover the risks specified under Pillar II of Basel guidelines. The adequacy of Bank's capital funds to meet the future business growth is also assessed in the ICAAP Document. Capital requirement for current business levels and framework for assessing capital requirement for future business levels has been made. Capital requirement and Capital optimisation are monitored periodically by the Committee of Senior Management (ALCO). The Senior Management deliberates on various options available for capital augmentation in tune with business growth. Based on these reports submitted by Senior Management, the Board of Directors evaluates the available capital sources, forecasts the capital requirements and capital adequacy of the Bank and ensures that the capital available for the Bank at all times is in line with the Risk Appetite of the Bank.

Composition of Capital as on 30.06.2022

Items	Rs. in Million
Paid-up Share Capital	2530.12
Reserves	13561.34
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital before deductions	16091.46
Less amounts deducted from Tier I capital (accumulated losses, DTA and Intangible Assets).	9369.60
(a) Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	6721.85
(b) Additional Tier-I Capital	0.00
(c) Total Tier-I Capital (a)+(b)	6721.85
Directly issued Tier II capital instruments subject to phase out	600.00
General Provisions/ Investment Reserves/ Investment Fluctuation Reserves	910.76
(d) Total Tier 2 Capital	1510.76
Total Eligible Capital (c)+(d)	8232.62

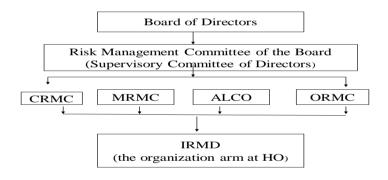
The Bank is following Standardised Approach, Standardised Duration Approach and Basic Indicator Approach for measurement of capital charge in respect of Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk respectively. The Capital requirements for Credit Risk, Market Risk and Operational Risk and the Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 2 and Total Capital Ratios are given below: -

Rs.in Cr

Items	30.06.2022
	20.00.2022

(a) Capital requirements for Credit risk	
Portfolios subject to Standardised Approach (11.50%)	607.54
Securitization exposures	
(b) Capital requirements for Market risk- Standardised Duration approach	46.06
Interest rate risk	39.13
Foreign exchange risk (including gold)	0.90
Equity position risk	6.04
(c) Capital requirements for Operational risk	71.73
Basic Indicator Approach	71.73
Total Capital Funds Required @ 11.50% [(a)+(b)+(c)]	725.33
Total Capital Funds Available	823.26
Total Risk Weighted Assets	6755.35
(d) Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 2 and Total Capital Ratios	
Common Equity Tier 1 CRAR (%)	9.95%
Tier 2 CRAR (%)	2.24%
Total CRAR % for the Bank	12.19%

#### Structure and Organisation of the Risk Management function in the Bank



#### 2. Risk exposure and assessment

The Bank has adopted an integrated approach for the management of risk. The Bank's Integrated Risk Management Department (IRMD) is the organisational arm for risk management functions. The Bank has developed a comprehensive risk rating system that serves as a single point indicator of diverse risk factors of counterparty and for taking credit decisions in a consistent manner. Major initiatives of IRMD are –

- ➤ Risk rating system is drawn up in a structured manner incorporating the parameters from the 5 main risk areas 1) Financial Risk, 2) Industry/ Market Risk, 3) Business Risk, 4) Management Risk, and 5) Facility risk
- ➤ Risk rating system is made applicable for loan accounts with total limits of Rs.2 lakhs and above.

- ➤ Different Rating Models are used for different types of exposures, for e.g. Traders, SME, NBFC, Corporate, Small Loans, Retail Loans etc.
- ➤ IRMD validates the ratings of all exposures of Rs.100 lakhs and above.
- ➤ An independent analysis is carried out of the various risks attached to the credit proposals including industry analysis.
- ➤ Rating Migration analysis covering all exposures of Rs.5 Cr and above is conducted on quarterly basis and migration analysis of exposures of Rs.1 Cr & above is conducted on a half yearly basis. Rating Migration analysis covering all exposures of Rs.25 lakhs and above is conducted on annual basis; Evaluates the asset quality by tracking the delinquencies and migration of borrower from one rating scale to another.

Credit facilities are sanctioned at various levels in accordance with the delegation approved by the Board. The Bank has in place the following hierarchical functionaries with delegated powers for credit sanction and administration:

- ➤ Branch Head with Branch Operational Manager, jointly,
- ➤ Retail Assets Credit Committee for Retail Loans (RACC)
- ➤ Retail Assets Credit Committee 1 for Retail Loans (RACC 1)
- ➤ Regional Credit Committee (RCC)
- Corporate Credit Committee (CCC)
- ➤ Corporate Credit Committee (CCC1)
- > Credit and Business Committee of the Board (CBCB)
- Board of Directors

### Policies for hedging and/or mitigating risk and strategies and processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges/ mitigants

The Bank has put in place a Board approved Policy on Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques and Collateral Management, covering the Credit Risk mitigation techniques used by the Bank for both risk management and capital computation purposes. Apart from the Basel defined collateral, the Bank ensures securities by way of inventories, Book Debts, Plant & Machineries, Land & Buildings and other moveable/ immovable assets/ properties. The Bank also accepts Personal/ Corporate guarantee as an additional comfort for Credit Risk mitigation. The securities are subjected to proper valuation as prescribed in the Credit Policy of the Bank.

Bank has laid down detailed guidelines on documentation to ensure legal certainty of Bank's charge on collaterals. In order to ensure that documents are properly executed, the function has been brought under the purview of Credit Officers. The Credit Officers at branches ensure documentation, ground level follow up, collection of feedback, closer monitoring of accounts, quality of asset portfolios, statistical analyses, reporting of

irregularities, providing guidelines, compliance with policy prescriptions and adherence to terms of sanction.

The Bank has an exclusive set up for Credit Monitoring functions in order to have greater thrust on post sanction monitoring of loans and strengthen administering the various tools available under the Bank's policies on loan review mechanism. For effective loan review, the Bank has the following in place: -

- ➤ On site monitoring tools like Inspection of Assets/ Books/ Stock of the borrower, Stock audit, Operations in the account, Payment of statutory dues etc.
- ➤ Recording of loan sanctioned by each sanctioning authority by the next higher authority.
- ➤ Offsite monitoring tools like Financial Follow-up Reports, verification of various statutory returns, Audit Reports etc.

#### TABLE DF 3 - CREDIT RISK: GENERAL DISCLOSURES

#### **Qualitative disclosures:**

#### (a) General: -

#### **Definitions of Past Due and Impaired (for accounting purposes)**

The Bank has adopted the definition of the Past Due and Impaired (for accounting purposes) as defined by the Regulator for income recognition and these asset classification norms are furnished below:-

#### 1. Non Performing Assets

An asset, including a leased asset, becomes non-performing when it ceases to generate income for the bank.

A non-performing asset (NPA) is a loan or an advance where;

- a) interest and/ or installment of principal remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan,
- b) the account remains 'out of order' as indicated at paragraph 2 below, in respect of an Overdraft/ Cash Credit (OD/ CC),
- c) the bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of bills purchased and discounted,
- d) the installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops,
- e) the installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops,

- f) the amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitisation transaction undertaken in terms of the Reserve Bank of India (Securitisation of Standard Assets) Directions, 2021.
- g) in respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark-to-market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.

In addition, an account may also be classified as NPA in terms of any temporary deficiencies as defined by the Regulator.

**2. 'Out of Order' status:** An account is treated as **'Out of Order'** if the outstanding balance in the CC/OD account remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power for 90 days, or the outstanding balance in the CC/ OD account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power but there are no credits continuously for 90 days, or the outstanding balance in the CC/ OD account is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power but credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the previous 90 days period.

#### 3. 'Overdue':

Any amount due to the bank under any credit facility is 'overdue' if it is not paid on the due date fixed by the bank. The borrower accounts shall be flagged as overdue by the banks as part of their day-end processes for the due date, irrespective of the time of running such processes.

#### Strategies and Processes for Credit Risk Management

Credit Risk Management Committee (CRMC) headed by MD & CEO is the highest level executive committee for Credit Risk management. The committee considers and takes decisions necessary to manage and control Credit Risk within overall quantitative prudential limit set up by Board. The committee is entrusted with the job of recommending to the Board for its approval, clear policies on standards for presentation of credit proposals, fine-tuning required in various rating models based on feedbacks or change in market scenario, approval of any other action necessary to comply with requirements set forth in Credit Risk Management Policy/ RBI guidelines or otherwise required for managing credit risk.

The Bank's strategies to manage the credit risks in its lending operations are as under:

- a) The Bank has a Comprehensive Board Approved Credit Risk Management Policy which is reviewed and revised annually. In addition to the above, various strategies with regard to Credit Risk management are covered under Bank's Credit Policy, Credit Monitoring Policy and Recovery Policy which are periodically reviewed by the Board.
- b) Defined segment exposures are delineated into Retail, SME and Corporates

- c) Industry wise exposure caps on aggregate lending by Bank
- d) Individual borrower wise caps on lending as well as borrower group wise lending caps linked as a percentage to the Bank's capital funds in line with RBI guidelines.
- e) Credit rating of borrowers and allowing credit exposures only to defined thresholds of risk levels
- f) A well defined approach to sourcing and preliminary due diligence while sourcing fresh credit accounts
- g) A clear and well defined delegation of authority within the Bank with regard to decision making, linking exposure, rating and transaction risks.
- h) Regular review of all credit structures and caps, continuously strengthening credit processes, and monitoring oversight which are regularly reviewed and duly approved by the Board of the Bank.
- i) Credit Risk Management Cell is validating the rating assigned to all individual credit exposures of Rs100 Lakh and above.
- j) Bank has an ever improving procedures and structures with respect to Credit Approval Process, Credit Rating, Prudential Limits, Documentation, Credit Monitoring and Review Mechanism.
- k) Credit Audit System by Internal/ External Auditors has been put in place for all Rs.1Cr and above advances. For all loans/ advances of aggregate sanctioned amount of Rs.1 Cr and above, Credit Audit is conducted within 30 days from the date of disbursement. For Takeover accounts of Rs.1 Cr and above, Credit Audit is conducted within 15 days from the date of disbursement and one more Credit Audit is conducted in the immediate succeeding year. In respect of standard accounts with fund based working capital limit of Rs.3 Cr and above and in respect of stand alone Term loans of Rs.5 Cr and above, Credit audit is conducted every year.
- Legal Audit is conducted for all eligible loan accounts having an exposure of Rs.1
  Cr and above mandatorily. In respect of advances of Rs.1 Cr and below Rs.5 Cr,
  Legal Audit is conducted as a one time measure and in respect of advances of Rs.5
  Cr and above, Legal Audit is conducted every year.
- m) The review of accounts is usually done once in a year. But in case of deterioration of the quality of advance the frequency of review is shortened to half yearly or quarterly as per the case.
- n) The Credit Officers at branch level take care of the security creation and account management
- o) Credit Monitoring Department monitors the performance of loan assets of the Bank.
- p) Bank also carries out industry study which would provide necessary information to Business line to increase/ hold/ decrease exposure under various industries.

#### **Quantitative disclosures:**

(a) Total Gross Credit exposures as on 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022: (After accounting offsets in accordance with applicable accounting regime and without taking into account the effects of credit risk mitigation techniques e.g. Collateral and netting)

Ov	verall credit exposure		Total
		Amount	(In Cr)
Fund Based	Loans & advances	8724.13	10187.99
	Cash, RBI and Banks	804.49	
	Others (Fixed Assets & other Assets)	659.37	
Non Fund	LC, BG etc	300.85	955.82
Based	Forward Contracts/ Interest rate SWAPS	88.06	
	Others	566.90	
Investments (Banking Book only)		2916.34	2916.34
Total of Credit Risk exposure		14060.15	14060.15

#### (b) Geographic distribution of exposures:

Exposures	30.06.2022 (Rs. in Cr)			
	Fund based	Non Fund Based	TOTAL	
Domestic operations	13104.33	955.82	14060.15	
Overseas operations	Bank has no overseas operations			

#### (c) Industry type distribution of exposures as on 30.06.2022:

Particulars	Funded Exposures
	Gross advance (Rs in Cr)
A. Mining and Quarrying	3.23
B. Food Processing	105.14
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and Tobacco	19.45
D. Textiles	111.49
E. Leather and Leather products	8.36
F. Wood and Wood Products	4.80
G. Paper and Paper Products	9.15
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-mining) and Nuclear fuels	0
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes, Paints, etc.)	15.81
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	4.14

Particulars	Funded Exposures
	Gross advance (Rs in Cr)
K. Glass & Glassware	8.69
L. Cement and Cement Products	5.87
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products	16.49
N. All Engineering	33.05
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport	16.18
Equipments	
P. Gems and Jewellery	148.75
Q. Construction	147.85
R. Infrastructure	455.77
S. Other Industries	36.73
All Industries (A to S)	1150.95
Residuary other advances	7573.18
Gross Advances	8724.13

Exposures to Infrastructure (Transport, Energy, Water sanitation, Communication etc.) and Gems and Jewellery accounted for 5.22% and 1.71% of Gross Advances outstanding, respectively. The coverage of advances to the above 2 industries occupy the top 2 positions among the total industry sectors.

(Rs in Cr.)

No.	Industry	Gross Advance	Gross NPA	Provision
1.	Infrastructure	455.77	39.10	34.92
2.	Gems and Jewellery	148.75	0.015	0.015
3.	Construction	147.85	7.42	4.66
4.	Textiles	111.49	5.41	4.38
5.	Food Processing	105.14	10.36	8.66
	Total	969.00	62.31	52.64

#### (d) Residual maturity breakdown of assets as on 30.06.2022:

(Rs. in Cr)

<b>Maturity Pattern</b>	Advances (Net)	Investments	<b>Foreign Currency</b>
Assets		(Gross)	Assets
Next Day	371.65	-	64.74
2 - 7 Days	40.38	-	3.11
8 - 14 Days	42.85	-	1.41
15 - 30 Days	178.66	-	6.01
31 D - 2 M	436.90	19.82	1.63
2 - 3 Months	859.13	-	6.39
3 - 6 Months	1254.32	250.26	37.37
6 Months - 1 Year	1177.39	90.93	18.79
1 Year - 3 Years	1597.38	786.23	-
3 - 5 Years	1024.80	1959.29	-
Over 5 Years	1412.75	1146.77	
Total	8396.22	4253.31	139.44

#### (e) Non Performing Assets:

Sl No	Items	Amount in Rs. In Million
		30.06.2022
1	Gross NPAs	5538.19
1.1	Substandard	353.83
1.2	Doubtful 1	1915.75
1.3	Doubtful 2	572.84
1.4	Doubtful 3	979.09
1.5	Loss	1716.68
2	Net NPAs	2260.30
	NPA Ratios	
3.1	Gross NPAs to Gross Advances (%)	6.35%
3.2	Net NPA s to Net Advances (%)	2.69%
4	Movement of NPAs (Gross)	
4.1	Opening balance	5335.36
4.2	Additions	488.68
4.3	Reductions	285.85
4.4	Closing balance	5538.19
5	Movement of provisions for NPAs	
5.1	Opening balance	2998.35
5.2	Provisions made during the FY	399.22
5.3	Reductions	129.45
5.4	Closing balance	3268.12
6	<b>Amount of Non Performing Investments (NPI)</b>	901.54
7	Amount of provisions held for NPI	901.54
8	Movement of Provisions held for NPIs	
8.1	Opening balance	934.57
8.2	Provisions made during the period	0.00
8.3	Write-off/ Write back of excess provisions	33.03
8.4	Closing balance	901.54

# TableDF4DISCLOSURESFORPORTFOLIOSSUBJECTTOTHESTANDARDISED APPROACH

#### Qualitative disclosures:

#### (a) For Portfolios under the Standardised Approach

1	Names of credit rating	Bank has approved all the External Credit Rating	
	agencies used	agencies accredited by RBI for the purpose of credit	
		risk rating of domestic borrowal accounts, i.e.	
		CRISIL, CARE Edge, India Ratings & Research Pvt.	
		Ltd., ICRA, Brick Work Ratings, ACUITE, Infomerics	
		and International Credit Rating agencies, i.e, Standard	
		and Poor, Moody's and FITCH.	

2	Changes if any, since	No change
_	prior period disclosure in	
	the identified rating	
	agencies and reasons for	
	the same.	
3	Types of exposure for	The External Credit Rating assigned by an agency is
	which each agency is	considered only if it fully takes into account the credit
	used	exposure of the Bank.
		Bank is entitled to use the ratings of all the above
		identified Rating Agency rating for various types of
		exposures as follows:
		(i) For Exposure with a contractual maturity of less than or equal to one year (except Cash Credit,
		Overdraft and other Revolving Credits), Short -Term
		Rating given by ECRA will be applicable
		(ii) For Domestic Cash Credit, Overdrafts and other
		Revolving Credits (irrespective of the period) and/ or
		Term Loan exposures of over one year, Long Term
		Rating will be applicable.
		(iii) For Overseas exposures, irrespective of the
		contractual maturity, Long Term Rating given by IRAs
		will be applicable.
		(iv) Rating by the agencies is used for both fund based
		and non-fund based exposures.
		(iv) Rating assigned to one particular entity within a
		corporate group cannot be used to risk weight other
_	D : :: C :: 1	entities within the same group.
4	Description of the	Long –term Issue Specific (our own exposures or other
	process used to transfer public issue rating on to	issuance of debt by the same borrower-constituent/ counter-party) Ratings or Issuer (borrower-constituent/
	comparable assets in the	counter-party) Ratings of Issuer (boffower-constituent) counter-party) Ratings can be applied to other unrated
	Banking book.	exposures of the same borrower-constituent/
	Danking book.	counterparty in the following cases:
		(i) If the Issue Specific Rating or Issuer Rating maps to
		Risk Weight equal to or higher than the unrated
		exposures, any other unrated exposure on the same
		counter-party will be assigned the same Risk Weight,
		if the exposure ranks paripassu or junior to the rated
		exposure in all aspects
		(ii) In cases where the borrower-constituent/ counter-
		party has issued a debt (which is not a borrowing from
		our Bank), the rating given to that debt may be applied
		to Bank's unrated exposures if the Bank's exposure
		ranks paripassu or senior to the specific rated debt in
		all respects and the maturity of unrated Bank's
		exposure is not later than Maturity of rated debt.

#### Quantitative disclosures

Amount of Bank's outstanding in major risk buckets- under standardised approach after factoring risk mitigants (i.e., collaterals) (includes Banking Book exposure of Investments):

(Rs. in Cr)

Particulars	Total
Below 100% risk weight	8205.15
100% risk weight	1892.99
More than 100% risk weight	776.67
Total Net Exposure	10874.81

#### TABLE DF 5 - CREDIT RISK MITIGATION - STANDARDISED APPROACH

#### **Qualitative Disclosure:**

#### (a) General

#### Policies and processes for collateral valuation and management:

The Bank has put in place a Board approved policy on Credit Risk Mitigation Techniques and Collateral Management, covering the Credit Risk mitigation techniques used by the Bank for both risk management and capital computation purposes.

#### A description of the main types of collateral taken by the Bank

Collateral used by the Bank as risk mitigants for capital computation under Standardised Approach comprise eligible financial collaterals namely: -

- Cash and fixed deposits of the counterparty with the Bank.
- ➤ Gold: value arrived at after notionally converting these to 99.99% purity.
- Securities issued by Central and State Governments.
- KisanVikas Patra and National Savings Certificates.
- Life Insurance Policies restricted to their surrender value.
- ➤ Debt securities rated by an approved Rating Agency.
- Unrated Debt securities issued by Banks, listed in Stock Exchange.
- ➤ Units of Mutual Funds.

#### Bank has no practice of 'On Balance Sheet' netting for Credit Risk Mitigation.

#### The main types of Guarantor Counterparty and their creditworthiness

Bank accepts guarantees of Individuals or Corporates with adequate Net Worth, as an additional comfort for mitigation of credit risk which can be translated into a direct

claim on the guarantor and are unconditional and irrevocable. Main types of guarantor counterparty as per RBI guidelines are: -

- Sovereigns (Central/ State Governments)
- Sovereign entities like ECGC, CGTMSE, CRGFTLIH, NCGTC.
- ➤ Bank and Primary Dealers with a lower risk weight than the counterparty
- ➤ Other entities rated AA (-) and above. The Guarantees has to be issued by entities with a lower risk weight than the counterparty.

### Information about risk concentrations of collaterals within the mitigation taken as on 30.06.2022:

Financial Risk Mitigants	Outstanding Covered by Risk Mitigants (In Cr)	Risk Concentration %
Gold	1936.90	84.73%
Cash & Deposits	346.39	15.15%
KVP/ IVP/ NSC	1.40	0.06%
LIC Policy	1.34	0.06%
Total	2286.03	100.00%

Majority of the financial collaterals held by the Bank are by way of Gold, own Deposits, Life Insurance Policies and other approved securities. Bank does not envisage market liquidity risk in respect of financial collaterals.

Concentration on account of collateral is also relevant in the case of Land & Building. However, as Land & Building is not recognised as eligible collateral under Basel II Standardised Approach, its value is not reduced from the amount of exposure in the process of computation of capital charge. It is used only in the case of Housing Loan to individuals and Non Performing Assets to determine the appropriate risk weight. As such, there is no concentration risk on account of nature of collaterals.

#### **Quantitative Disclosures:**

For the disclosed Credit Risk portfolio under the Standardised Approach, the total Exposure that is covered by:

(i) Eligible Financial Collateral : Rs. 2286.03 Cr

(ii) Other eligible Collateral (after Hair Cuts) : Rs. Nil

#### TABLE DF 6- SECURITISATION – STANDARDISED APPROACH:

#### **Qualitative Disclosures:**

❖ Bank has not securitised any of its standard assets till date.

### <u>TABLE DF7 - MARKET RISK IN TRADING BOOK- STANDARDISED DURATION APPROACH:</u>

#### **Qualitative Disclosures:**

#### (a) General:-

#### Strategies and processes

The overall objective of Market Risk management is to maximise shareholder value by improving the Bank's competitive advantage and reducing loss from all types of market risk loss events. For effective management of Market Risk, Bank has put in place a well established framework with the Integrated Treasury Management Policy, Market Risk Management Policy and Asset Liability Management Policy. The Asset Liability Management Committee is responsible for establishing Market Risk management and Asset Liability management in the Bank. ALCO is a decision making unit responsible for Balance Sheet planning from risk return perspective including the strategic management of Interest Rate and Liquidity Risks. ALCO ensures adherence to the limits set by RBI as well as the Board.

#### Scope and nature of risk reporting/ measurement systems

The Bank has put in place regulatory/ internal limits for various products and business activities relating to Trading book. Various exposure limits for Market Risk management such as Overnight limit, VaR limit, Daylight limit, Aggregate/ Individual Gap limit, Investment limits etc. are in place. The reporting system ensures time lines, reasonable accuracy with automation, highlight Portfolio risk concentrations and include written analysis. The reporting formats and frequency of reporting are periodically reviewed to ensure that they suffice for risk monitoring, measuring and mitigation requirements of the Bank. Bank also subjects Non SLR investments to credit rating.

### Policies for hedging/ mitigating risk and strategies and processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of Hedges/ Mitigants:

Board approved policies viz., Integrated Treasury Management Policy and Asset Liability Management Policy provides the framework for risk assessment, identification, measurement and mitigation, risk limits & triggers, risk monitoring and reporting.

Liquidity risk of the Bank is assessed through Structural Liquidity Statement which is prepared on a daily basis. The Bank also reviews various Liquidity Ratios on a monthly basis in order to control the liquidity position. On monthly basis, Interest Rate Risk is analysed from earnings perspective using Traditional Gap Analysis and economic value perspective using Duration Gap Analysis. Stress Tests are conducted at quarterly intervals to assess the impact of various contingencies on the Bank's earnings and the capital position.

The Bank uses Standardised Duration Approach for computation of Market Risk Capital charge on the Investment Portfolio held under HFT and AFS, Gold and Forex Open positions. The Market Risk Capital charge is calculated on a daily basis and reported to ALCO.

#### **Quantitative Disclosures:**

Particulars	Capital requirement for market risk- Standardised Duration approach 30.06.2022 (Rs. in Cr)
Interest rate risk	39.12
Equity position risk	6.03
Foreign exchange risk	0.90

#### **TABLE DF 08- OPERATIONAL RISK:**

#### **Qualitative disclosures:**

#### (a) General

Strategies and processes: The Bank's strategy is to ensure that (1) the Operational risks which are inherent in Process, People and System and (2) the residual risks, are well managed by the implementation of effective Risk management techniques. Keeping this in view, the Bank has been following risk management measures which address the risks before and after implementation of a Process, Product and System. Before all new Products, Processes and Systems are cleared by the Product & Process Approval Committee (PPAC), they are risk vetted by the Operational Risk Management (ORM) cell. The ORM cell has completed Risk & Control Self Assessment (RCSA) of thrust branches and other core functions highlighting the potential risks that can happen during the course of operations and to assess whether the controls are adequate to manage/mitigate these risks. Risk Based Internal Audit is in place in all the Branches. The Bank has a RCSA Document approved by the Risk Management Committee of the Board (RMCB) and Board.

The framework for Operational Risk Management is well defined in the Operational Risk Management (ORM) Policy which is reviewed and revised annually. The ORM Committee at the executive level, which meets at regular intervals oversees Bank wide implementation of Board approved policies and process in this regard. The Bank has put in place important policies like Information System Security Policy, Policy on Know Your Customer & Anti Money Laundering, Fraud Risk Management Policy, Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery Management Plan.

#### Scope and nature of risk reporting/ measurement systems: -

The Bank has adopted Operational Loss Data Reporting Format from the Loss Data Methodology Document for collection of Loss Data, which will enable the Bank to eventually ease the transition to Advanced Measurement Approach for Capital Calculation. The ORM cell has a well built internal Loss Data collection system in place. The risk reporting consists of operational risk loss incidents/ events occurred in branches/ offices relating to people, process, technology and external events.

### Policies for hedging and/or mitigating risk and strategies and processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges/ mitigants:

Internal control mechanism is in place to control and minimise the operational risks. If any controls are found to be ineffective during the course of Risk & Control Self Assessment (RCSA), corrective measures are adopted in due course. A monitoring system is also in place for tracking the corrective actions plan periodically. Bank is using insurance for mitigating operational risk. The various Board approved policies viz., Operational Risk Management Policy, Outsourcing Policy, Compliance Policy, Audit & Inspection Policy, Internet Banking Security Policy; Policy on KYC & AML; Information Systems Security Policy and Business Continuity Plans addresses issues pertaining to Operational Risk Management.

#### **Operational Risk Capital assessment:**

The Bank has adopted Basic Indicator Approach for calculating capital charge for Operational Risk, as stipulated by the Reserve Bank of India. The ORM Cell is focusing on the qualitative and quantitative requirements (RCSA, KRI identification, Business Line mapping etc) prescribed by the regulator and these are being adopted by the Bank to move on to the Advanced Approaches in due course.

#### TABLE DF 09- INTEREST RATE RISK IN THE BANKING BOOK (IRRBB):

#### (a) Qualitative Disclosures:

#### **Strategies and processes**

The Bank has put in place a comprehensive Market Risk management framework to address market risks. The Asset Liability Management Policy prescribes the measurement of the Interest Rate Risk under two perspectives – Earnings Perspective and Economic Value Perspective.

Under Earnings perspective, Bank uses the Traditional Gap Analysis method to calculate the Earnings at Risk (EaR), which is the quantity by which net income might change in the event of an adverse change in interest rate. EaR is calculated on a fortnightly basis.

Under Economic Value Perspective, Bank uses Duration Gap Analysis to assess the impact of interest rate risk. The Duration Gap Analysis monitors the impact of changes in the interest rates on the Market Value of Equity (MVE). It is calculated on a monthly basis.

The framework for managing Interest Rate Risk on the Economic Value of Equity (EVE) under Pillar II of Basel III is put in place through ICAAP Policy Document.

#### Scope and nature of risk reporting/ measurement systems

Interest Rate Risk under Duration Gap Analysis is evaluated on a monthly basis. The likely drop in Market Value of Equity for a 200 bps change in interest rates is computed. Earnings at Risk based on Traditional Gap Analysis are calculated on a fortnightly basis and adherence to tolerance limits set in this regard is monitored and reported to ALCO. Stress Tests are conducted to assess the impact of Interest Rate Risk under different stress scenarios on earnings of the Bank.

### Policies for hedging/ mitigating risk and strategies and processes for monitoring the continuing effectiveness of hedges/ mitigants

Bank has operationalised mitigating/ hedging measures prescribed by Treasury Management Policy, Asset Liability Management Policy and Stress Testing Policy. The strategy adopted by ALCO for mitigating the risk is by clearly articulating the acceptable levels of exposure to specific risk types (Interest Rate, Liquidity etc). The process for mitigating the risk is initiated by altering the mix of Asset and Liability composition and with the proper pricing of Advances and Deposits.

#### Brief description of the approach used for computation of Interest Rate risk

The traditional gap report is generated by grouping rate sensitive liabilities, assets and off-balance sheet positions into time buckets according to residual maturity or next repricing period, whichever is earlier and finding the gaps in each bucket. The gap is the difference between Rate Sensitive Assets (RSA) and Rate Sensitive Liabilities (RSL) for each time bucket. Earning at risk (EaR) is measured as the quantity by which net income might change in the event of an adverse change in interest rates.

The Interest Rate Risk (EVE) is computed through Duration Gap Analysis. The step-by-step approach for computing Modified Duration Gap is as follows:

- i) Identify variables such as principal amount, maturity date/ re pricing date, coupon rate, yield, frequency and basis of interest calculation for each item/ category of Rate Sensitive Asset/ Rate Sensitive Liability (RSA/ RSL).
- ii) Plot each item/ category of RSA/ RSL under the various time buckets. For this purpose, the absolute notional amount of rate sensitive off Balance Sheet items in each time bucket are included in RSA if positive or included in RSL if negative.
- iii) The mid-point of each time bucket is taken as a proxy for the maturity of all assets and liabilities in that time bucket.
- iv) Determine the coupon and the yield curve for arriving at the yields based on current market yields or current replacement cost for computation of Modified Duration (MD) of RSAs and RSLs.
- v) Calculate the Modified Duration (MD) in each time band of each item/ category of RSA/ RSL using the maturity date, yield, coupon rate, frequency, yield and basis for interest calculation.
- vi) Calculate the Modified Duration (MD) of each item/ category of RSA/ RSL as weighted average Modified Duration (MD) of each time band for that item.
- vii) Calculate the weighted average Modified Duration (MD) of all RSA (MDA) and RSL (MDL) to arrive at Modified Duration Gap (MDG).

#### (b) Quantitative Disclosures

The impact on Earnings at Risk and Economic Value of Equity for notional interest rate shocks as on 30.06.2022.

#### **Earnings at Risk**

Change in interest rate	Change in NII (Rs. in Cr)
<u>+</u> 25 bps	3.60
<u>+</u> 50 bps	7.19
<u>+</u> 75 bps	10.79
<u>+</u> 100 bps	14.38

The Bank is computing Market Value of Equity based on Duration Gap Analysis.

### <u>Table DF -10: GENERAL DISCLOSURE FOR EXPOSURE RELATED TO COUNTERPARTY CREDIT RISK</u>

#### **Qualitative disclosures**

Counterparty Credit Risk is the risk that the counterparty to a transaction could default before the final settlement of the transaction's cash flows. Bank has put in place Counterparty Credit Risk limits for banks as counterparty, based on a number of financial parameters like Net worth, capital adequacy ratio, rating etc of the counterparty bank and with the approval of the Board. Counterparty exposures for other entities are subject to comprehensive exposure ceilings fixed by the Board. Capital for Counterparty Credit Risk is assessed based on the Standardised Approach

#### **Quantitative disclosures**

The Bank does not recognise bilateral netting. The credit equivalent amounts of derivatives that are subjected to risk weighting are calculated as per the Current Exposure Method. The derivative exposure is calculated using Current Exposure Method and the balance outstanding as on June 30, 2022 is given below.

(Rs. in Million)

Particulars	Notional Amounts	Credit Equivalent
Forward Exchange Contracts	780.62	22.41

#### **Table DF-11: COMPOSITION OF CAPITAL**

(Rs. in Million)

	Table DF-11 : Compositi	ion of Capital		
P	art II : Template to be used during the trans	_	III regulator	ry
	requirement			I — -
	Basel III common disclosure temp		Amounts subject to Pre- Basel III Treatment	Ref No.
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments	s and reserves		
	(Rs.in Million)	T		
1	Directly issued qualifying common share	12,584.60		
	capital plus related stock surplus (share			
	premium)			
2	Retained earnings	-		
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income	3506.85		
	(and other reserves)			
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out	0		
	fromCET1 (only applicable to non-joint			
	stock CET1 (only applicable to non-joint			
	stock companies)			
	Public sector capital injections	0		
	grandfathered until January 1, 2018			
5	Common share capital issued by	0		
	subsidiaries and held by third parties			
	(amount allowed in group CET1)			
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before	16091.46		
	regulatory adjustments			
Con	nmon Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjus	tments		
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	-		

	Table DF-11 : Compositi	on of Capital	
Pa	Part II: Template to be used during the transition period of Basel III regulatory		
	requirement	$\mathbf{s}$	
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	
9	Intangibles other than mortgage-servicing	8868.27	
	rights (net of related tax liability) -		
	(accumulated loss-Rs.8522.17 mio, and		
	other intangible assets-Rs.346.11 mio)		
10	Deferred Tax assets	501.33	
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve	-	
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	-	
13	Securitisation gain on sale	-	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own	-	
	credit risk on fair valued liabilities		
15	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	
16	Investments in own shares (if not already	-	
	netted off paid- in capital on reported		
	balance sheet)		
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity	-	
18	Investments in the capital of banking,	-	
	financial and insurance entities that are		
	outside the scope of regulatory		
	consolidation, net of eligible short positions,		
	where the bank does not own more than		
	10% of the issued share capital (amount		
	above 10% threshold)		
19	Significant investments in the common	-	
	stock of banking, financial and insurance		
	entities that are outside the scope of		
	regulatory consolidation, net of eligible		
	short positions (amount above 10%		
	threshold)		
20	Mortgage servicing rights (amount above	NA	
	10% threshold)		
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary	NA	
	differences (amount above 10% threshold,		
	net of related tax liability)		
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	NA	
23	of which: significant investments in the	NA	
	common stock of financial entities		
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	NA	
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from	NA	
	temporary differences		
26	National specific regulatory adjustments	0.00	
_	(26a+26b+26c+26d)		
26a	of which: Investments in the equity capital	-	
_	of the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries		
26b	of which: Investments in the equity capital	-	

	Table DF-11: Composition of Capital		
Pa	Part II : Template to be used during the transition period of Basel III regulatory requirements		
	of unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries		
26c	of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of	-	
	majority owned financial entities which		
	have not been consolidated with the bank		
26d	of which: Unamortised pension funds	0.00	
200	expenditures	0.00	
	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common	_	
	Equity Tier 1 in respect of amounts subject		
	to pre-basel treatment		
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF	_	
	ADJUSTMENT] For example: filtering out		
	of unrealised losses on AFS debt securities		
	(not relevant in Indian context)		
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF	_	
	ADJUSTMENT]		
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF	_	
	ADJUSTMENT]		
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common		
	Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional		
	Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions		
28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common	9369.60	
20	equity Tier 1	7307.00	
29	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	6721.85	
	itional Tier 1 capital: instruments	0,21,00	
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1	_	
30	instruments plus related stock surplus	_	
	(31+32)		
31	of which: classified as equity under	_	
31	applicable accounting standards	_	
	(Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference		
	Shares)		
32	of which: classified as liabilities under		
32	applicable accounting standards (Perpetual	_	
	debt Instruments)		
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject	_	
	to	_	
	phase out from Additional Tier 1		
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1		<u>                                   </u>
J4	instruments not included in row 5) issued by	_	
	subsidiaries and held by third parties		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1	Lamount allowed in group Alli	İ	
25	(amount allowed in group AT1)		
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries	-	
	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	-	
<i>35</i> 36	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries	-	

	Table DF-11: Composition of Capital				
Pa	Part II: Template to be used during the transition period of Basel III regulatory			y	
	requirements				
Add	Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory instruments				
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1	-			
	Instruments				
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier	-			
	1				
	Instruments				
39	Investments in the capital of banking,	-			
	financial and insurance entities that are				
	outside the scope of regulatory				
	consolidation, net of eligible short positions,				
	where the bank does not own more than				
	10% of the issued common share capital of				
	the entity (amount above 10% threshold)				
40	Significant investments in the capital of	-			
	banking, financial and insurance entities that				
	are outside the scope of regulatory				
	consolidation (net of eligible short				
	positions)				
41	National specific regulatory adjustments	_			
	(41a+41b)				
41a	Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital	-			
	of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries				
41b	Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of	-			
	majority owned financial entities which				
	have not been consolidated with the bank				
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied to	-			
	Additional Tier 1 in respect of Amounts				
	Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment				
	of which: Deferred Tax Assets (not	_			
	associated with accumulated losses) net of				
	Deferred Tax Liabilities				
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF	_			
	ADJUSTMENT e.g. existing adjustments				
	which are deducted from Tier 1 at 50%]				
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF	_			
	ADJUSTMENT]				
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to	_	<b> </b>		
	Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2				
	to cover deductions				
43	Total regulatory adjustments to Additional	-			
-	Tier 1 capital				
44	Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1)	-			
44a	Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned for				
	capital adequacy				
45	Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) (29 +	6721.85	<b> </b>		

	Table DF-11: Composition of Capital			
P	Part II : Template to be used during the transition period of Basel III regulatory			
	requirements			
	44a)			
Tier	2 capital: instruments and provisions			
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2	-		
	instruments plus related stock surplus			
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject	600.00		
	to phase out from Tier 2			
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1	-		
	instruments not included in rows 5 or 34)			
	issued by subsidiaries and held by third			
	parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2)			
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries	-		
	subject to phase out			
50	Provisions	980.03		
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	1580.03		
Tier	2 capital: regulatory adjustments			
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	-		
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2	-		
	instruments			
54	Investments in the capital of banking,	-		
	financial and insurance entities that are			
	outside the scope of regulatory			
	consolidation, net of eligible short positions,			
	where the bank does not own more than			
	10% of the issued common share capital of			
	the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)			
55	Significant investments in the capital	-		
	banking, financial and insurance entities that			
	are outside the scope of regulatory			
	consolidation (net of eligible short			
	positions)			
56	National specific regulatory adjustments	-		
	(56a+56b)			
56a	of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital	-		
564	of unconsolidated subsidiaries			
56b	of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of	-		
	majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank			
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied To Tier 2		-	
	in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel	-		
	III Treatment			
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF	_		
	ADJUSTMENT e.g. existing adjustments	_		
	which are deducted from Tier 2 at 50%]			
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF	_		
	ADJUSTMENT	_		
	TIDO CO TIVILITA		l	l

	Table DF-11: Composition of Capital			
Pa	Part II: Template to be used during the transition period of Basel III regulatory			
	requirements			
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	69.27		
58	Tier 2 capital (T2)	1580.03		
58a	Tier 2 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	1510.76		
58b	Excess Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned as Tier 2 capital	0		
58c	Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital adequacy (58a + 58b)	1510.76		
59	<b>Total capital</b> $(TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c)$	8232.62		
	Risk Weighted Assets in respect of Amounts subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment	-		
	of which:	-		
	of which:	-		
60	Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c)	67553.46		
60a	of which: total credit risk weighted assets	52829.80		
60b	of which: total market risk weighted assets	5757.85		
60c	of which: total operational risk weighted assets	8965.81		
Capi	Capital ratios			
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	9.95%		
62	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	9.95%		
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	12.19%		
64	Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	NA		
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	NA		
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement	NA		
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement	NA		
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets) National minima (if different from Basel III)	-		
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel III minimum)	5.50%		
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different	9.50%		

	Table DF-11: Composition of Capital			
P	Part II : Template to be used during the transition period of Basel III regulatory			
	requirements			
	from Basel III minimum) - including CCB			
	of 2.5%		_	
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if	11.50%		
	different from Basel III minimum) -			
	including CCB of 2.5%			
	ounts below the thresholds for deduction (bef hting)	ore risk		
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of	_	-	
12	other financial entities	-		
73	Significant investments in the common	-		
	stock of financial entities			
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	-		
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary	-		
	differences (net of related tax liability)			
App	licable caps on the inclusion of provisions in	Tier 2		
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in	-		
	respect of exposures subject to standardised			
	approach (prior to application of cap)		_	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2	-		
70	under standardised approach		-	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in	-		
	respect of exposures subject to internal ratings- based approach (prior to application			
	of cap)			
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2	-		-
	under internal ratings-based approach			
	ital instruments subject to phase-out arrange			
appl	icable between March 31, 2017 and March 3	1, 2022)		
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to	-		
0.1	phase out arrangements			
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap	-		
	(excess over cap after redemptions and			
92	maturities) Current can on AT1 instruments subject to			
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements			
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap	-	Γ	
	(excess over cap after redemptions and			
	maturities)			
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	-		
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap	_	<del> </del>	
0.5	(excess over cap after redemptions and	_		
	maturities)			
	1	I	1	

#### **Notes to Template**

Row No.	Particulars	(Rs. in Million)
template		
10	Deferred tax assets associated with accumulated losses	207.3
	Deferred tax assets (excluding those associated with	294.0
	accumulated losses) net of Deferred Tax Liability	
	Total as indicated in row 10	501.3
19	If investments in insurance subsidiaries are not deducted	-
	fully from capital and instead considered under 10%	
	threshold for deduction, the resultant increase in the capital	
	of bank	
	of which: Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	-
	of which: Increase in Additional Tier 1 capital	-
	of which: Increase in Tier 2 capital	-
26b	If investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non-	-
	financial subsidiaries are not deducted and hence, risk	
	weighted then:	
	(i) Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	-
	(ii) Increase in risk weighted assets	-
44a	Excess Additional Tier 1 capital not reckoned for capital	-
	adequacy (difference between Additional Tier 1 capital as	
	reported in row 44 and admissible Additional Tier 1 capital	
	as reported in 44a)	
	of which: Excess Additional Tier 1 capital which is	-
50	considered as Tier 2 Capital under row 58b	660.27
30	Eligible Provisions included in Tier 2 capital	660.37
	Eligible Revaluation Reserves included in Tier 2 capital	-
	Total of row 50	660.37
58a	Excess Tier 2 capital not reckoned for capital adequacy	69.27
	(difference between Tier 2 capital as reported in row 58 and	
	T2 as reported in 58a)	

Table DF-12 : COMPOSITION OF CAPITAL - RECONCILIATION REQUIREMENT			
	Balance Sheet as in financial	statements	
Step 1		As on reporting date, 30th June 2022 (Rs.in Million)	
A	Capital & Liabilities		
i.	Paid-up Capital	2,530.12	
	Reserves & Surplus	6205.58	
	Minority Interest	-	
	Total Capital	8735.70	
ii	Deposits	125764.95	
	of which: Deposits from banks	0.01	
	of which: Customer deposits	125764.94	
	of which: Other deposits (pl. specify)	-	
iii	Borrowings	4545.50	
	of which: From RBI	-	
	of which: From banks	3045.50	
	of which: From other institutions &		
	agencies		
	of which: Others - book credit balances	-	
	in foreign currency minor accounts		
	Of which: Tier 2 Capital instruments	1500.00	
iv.	Other liabilities & provisions	2646.05	
	Total	141692.19	
В	Assets		
i	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	7043.82	
	Balance with banks and money at call	1001.08	
	and short		
ii	Investments:	41020.93	
	of which: Government securities	34799.81	
	of which: Other approved securities	-	
	of which: Shares	141.29	
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	5604.37	
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures /	-	
	Associates		
	of which: Others ( Certificate of	475.46	
	Deposit: Rs.240.23 Mio and		
	Security Pagaint: Pa 225 22 Mig)		
iii	Security Receipt: Rs.235.23 Mio)	92062.22	
1111	Loans and advances	83962.22	
	of which: Loans and advances to banks	92072 22	
	of which: Loans and advances to	83962.22	
:	customers  Eivad assets	2217.42	
iv	Fixed assets	2217.42	

v	Other assets	6446.73
	of which: Goodwill and intangible	-
	assets	
	of which: Deferred tax assets	501.33
vi	Good will on consolidation	-
vii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account	
	Total Assets	141692.19

<sup>\*</sup>Bank has no subsidiaries

Step 2 Balance sheet under regulatory scope of consolidation		
	As on reporting date, 30th June 2022 (Rs.in million)	
Capital & Liabilities		
Paid-up Capital	2530.12	(a)
of which : Amount eligible for CET1	2530.12	(a) (i)
of which : Amount eligible for AT1	-	
Reserves & Surplus	6205.58	(b)
of which : Amount eligible for CET1	5039.17	(b) (i)
Statutory Reserve	1180.06	(b)(ii)
Share Premium	10054.48	(b) (iii)
General Reserve	913.57	(b)(iv)
Capital Reserve (excluding Revaluation Reserves)	732.66	(b)(v)
Special Reserve under Section 36(i) (viii)	59.86	(b)(vi)
Balance in P/L a/c at the end of the previous FY	(8522.17)	(b)(vii)
Current Financial Year Profit (Not eligible)		(b)(viii)
Revaluation Reserve (part of Tier 2 capital at a discount of 55 percentage)	620.70	(b)(ix)
Minority Interest	-	
Total Capital	8735.70	(a)+(b)
Deposits	125764.95	(c)
of which: Deposits from banks	0.01	(c)(i)
of which: Customer deposits	125764.94	(c)(ii)
	Paid-up Capital  of which: Amount eligible for CET1  of which: Amount eligible for AT1  Reserves & Surplus  of which: Amount eligible for CET1  Statutory Reserve  Share Premium  General Reserve  Capital Reserve (excluding Revaluation Reserves)  Special Reserve under Section 36(i) (viii)  Balance in P/L a/c at the end of the previous FY  Current Financial Year Profit (Not eligible)  Revaluation Reserve (part of Tier 2 capital at a discount of 55 percentage)  Minority Interest  Total Capital  Deposits	June 2022 (Rs.in million)     Capital & Liabilities     Paid-up Capital   2530.12     of which : Amount eligible for CET1     of which : Amount eligible for AT1     Reserves & Surplus   6205.58     of which : Amount eligible for CET1     Statutory Reserve   1180.06     Share Premium   10054.48     General Reserve (excluding Revaluation Reserves)     Special Reserve under Section 36(i) (viii)     Balance in P/L a/c at the end of the previous FY     Current Financial Year Profit (Not eligible)     Revaluation Reserve (part of Tier 2 capital at a discount of 55 percentage)     Minority Interest   -   Total Capital   8735.70     Deposits   125764.95     of which: Deposits from banks   0.01

	of which: Other deposits (pl.	-	
	specify)		
	iii Borrowings	4545.50	(d)
	of which: From RBI	-	(d)(i)
	of which: From banks	3045.50	(d)(ii)
	of which: From other		(4)(:::)
	institutions &	-	(d)(iii)
	of which: Others (Book		(d)(iv)
	Credit balances in foreign	_	(d)(iv)
	currency accounts)		
	of which: Capital instruments -	1500.00	(d)(v)
	iv Other liabilities & provisions	2646.05	
	Other habilities & provisions	2040.03	(e)
	of which: Standard Asset	258.49	(e)(i)
	provision included under Tier 2		
	Capital		
	of which: DTLs related to	-	
	goodwill		
	of which: Details related to	-	
	intangible	111 (00 10	1
	Total Assets	141692,19	(a)+(b)+(c
			+(d)+(e)
В	Assets		
	i Cash and balances with	7043.82	<b>(f)</b>
	Reserve Bank of India		
	Balance in India with banks	1001.08	(g)
	and money at call		
	ii Investments:	41020.93	(h)
	of which: Government	34799.81	(h)(i)
	of which: Other approved	-	- (11)(1)
	securities		
	of which: Shares	141.29	(h)(ii)
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	5604.37	(h)(iii)
		5604.37	
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint	5604.37	(h)(iii)
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / of which: Others ( Certificate	5604.37	
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures /		_
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / of which: Others ( Certificate of Deposit: Rs.240.23 Mio and		_
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / of which: Others (Certificate of Deposit: Rs.240.23 Mio and Security Receipt: Rs.235.23		_
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / of which: Others ( Certificate of Deposit: Rs.240.23 Mio and		_
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / of which: Others (Certificate of Deposit: Rs.240.23 Mio and Security Receipt: Rs.235.23		_

	of which: Loans and advances to banks	_	(i)(i)
	of which: Loans and advances to Customers	83962.22	(i)(ii)
iv	Fixed assets	2217.42	( <b>j</b> )
V	Other assets	6446.73	(k)
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets  Out of which:	-	-
	Goodwill	_	_
	Other Intangibles (excluding	-	-
	Deferred tax assets	501.33	(k)(i)
vi	Good will on consolidation	-	
vii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account		
	Total Assets	141692.19	+(g)+(h)+ (i)+(j)+(k)

Step 3: Table DF-12 (Part II) EXTRACT OF BASEL III COMMON DISCLOSURE TEMPLATE (WITH ADDED COLUMN)-

Co	Common Equity Tier 1 Capital : Instruments and reserves			
		Component of regulatory capital reported by bank	Source based on reference numbers/ letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation from Step 2	
1	Directly issued qualifying common share (and equivalent for non-joint stock companies) capital plus related stock surplus	12,584.60	(a)+ (b) (iii)	
2	Retained earnings	2093.64	b (viii)	
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	732.66	b(ii)+b(iv)+b(v)+b(vi)+b(ix)	
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET-1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)		-	
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CER 1)	_	_	
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments	15410.90	(a)+(b)(ii)+(b)(iii)+(b)(iv)+ $(b)(v)+b(vi)+b(viii)+b(ix)$	
7	Prudential valuation adjustments			
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)		-	

## <u>Table DF -13: MAIN FEATURES OF REGULATORY CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS- ELIGIBLE INSTRUMENTS</u>

Item	Particular	<b>Equity Shares</b>	Lower Tier II
			Series XV
1	Issuer	Dhanlaxmi Bank	Dhanlaxmi Bank Ltd
		Ltd	
2	Unique identifier (e.g.	680A01011	INE680A08081
	CUSIP, ISIN or		
	Bloomberg identifier for		
	private placement)		
3	Governing law(s) of the	Applicable Indian	Applicable Indian Statutory and
	instrument. (Regulatory	Statutory and	Regulatory Requirements
	treatment)	Regulatory	
		Requirements	

Item	Particular	<b>Equity Shares</b>	Lower Tier II
			Series XV
4	Transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1	Tier 2
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Common Equity Tier 1	Eligible
6	Eligible at solo/group/ group & solo	Solo	Solo
7	Instrument type	Common Shares	Tier 2 Debt Instruments
8	Amount recognised in regulatory capital (Rs. in million, as of most recent reporting date)	2530.12	1500.00
9	Par value of instrument	Shares of Rs.10/ each	Rs. 1 Million
10	Accounting classification	Shareholder's Equity	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	Various	29.03.2018
12	Perpetual or dated	Perpetual	Dated
13	Original maturity date (dd/mm/yyyy) / No maturity	No maturity	28.03.2025
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory approval	No	Yes, Exercise of Call Option is subject to prior approval of RBI
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates and redemption amount	NA	Bank can exercise Call Option to redeem the Bonds at par at the end of 5th Year from the Deemed Date of Allotment. Optional Call Date is 29.03.2023 and redemption amount is in full.
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable Coupons / dividends	NA	NA
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	NA	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	NA	11.00%
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No	No
20	Fully discretionary, partially discretionary or mandatory	Fully discretionary	Mandatory
21	Existence of step up or other incentive to redeem	No	No
22	Noncumulative or cumulative	Non Cumulative	Non Cumulative

Item	Particular	<b>Equity Shares</b>	Lower Tier II
			Series XV
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non Convertible	Non Convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	NA	NA
25	If convertible, fully or partially	NA	NA
26	If convertible, conversion rate	NA	NA
27	If convertible, mandatory or optional conversion	NA	NA
28	If convertible, specify instrument type convertible into	NA	NA
29	If convertible, specify issuer of instrument it converts into	NA	NA
30	Write-down feature	No	No
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	NA	NA
32	If write-down, full or partial	NA	NA
33	If write-down, permanent or temporary	NA	NA
34	If temporary write-down, description of write-up mechanism	NA	NA
35	Position in subordination hierarchy in liquidation (specify instrument type immediately senior to instrument)	Subordinated claim in case of liquidation	All Depositors and other Creditors of the Bank
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No	No
37	If yes, specify non- compliant features	NA	NA

## Table DF-14 FULL TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF REGULATORY CAPITAL INSTRUMENTS (ELIGIBLE INSTRUMENTS)

	Series XV
Nature of Instrument	##
Amount Subscribed	Rs 1500 million
Face value of the Bond	Rs.1 million
Date of Allotment	29.03.2018
Date of Redemption	29.03.2025

	Series XV
Put and Call option (if yes,	####
give details)	
Coupon rate and Frequency	11.00%
Listing	NSE

## Unsecured, Redeemable, Non-convertible, Subordinated Lower Tier-II Bonds in the nature of Debentures

#### The Bank reserves Call Option to redeem the bonds only after a minimum period of five years post allotment of Bonds, subject to prior approval from RBI.

#### Table DF 15: DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR REMUNERATION

#### **Qualitative disclosures**

a. Information relating to the composition and mandate of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

#### **Composition**

The Board constituted a Remuneration Committee on 29.02.2008, which was reconstituted on 27.09.2008, 06.10.2009 and 28.02.2013. The Committee was renamed/reconstituted as Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Board at its meeting held on 26.10.2015. The Nomination & Remuneration Committee comprises of Dr (Capt.) Suseela Menon R as Chairperson, Shri Gopinathan C K and Shri G Rajagopalan Nair as members of the Committee as on 30.06.2022.

#### > The terms of reference of the Committee are as follows:-

- Recommending to the Board for its consideration and approval on the size and composition of the Board taking into account the available and needed diversity and balance in terms of experience, knowledge, skills and judgment of the Directors;
- 2. Reviewing, from time to time, possible candidates for current and potential Board vacancies, including Directors who are to retire and are eligible for reappointment or reelection and other persons who may be recommended by the Chairman or the MD&CEO or other Directors, shareholders or others;
- 3. Recommending to the Board, candidates for election (including reelection) or appointment (including reappointment) to the Board;
- 4. Carrying out evaluation of every Director's performance;
- 5. Deciding on the matter of whether to extent or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors;

- 6. Identifying persons who are qualified to became Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, recommend to the Board their appointment and removal; formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and Independence of a Director:
- 7. Devising a policy on diversity of Board of Directors;
- 8. Recommending to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees;
  - [The committee shall ensure the following while formulating the policy on the aforesaid matters:
  - a) The level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the quality required to run the Bank successfully;
  - b) Relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks;
  - c) Remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Bank and its goals.]
- 9. Formulating and determining the Bank's policies on remuneration packages payable to the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel including Performance/ Achievement Bonus, Perquisites, Retirals, Sitting fees.
- 10. Considering grant of Stock Options to employees.
- 11. Reviewing the composition of the existing Committees of the Board.
- 12. Formulation of criteria for performance evaluation of independent Directors and the Board;
- 13. Validation of 'Fit and Proper' status of all Directors on the Board of the Bank in terms of the guidelines issued by the RBI or other regulatory authorities;
- 14. Developing and recommending to the Board the Corporate Governance guidelines applicable to the Bank for incorporating best practices from time to time

### The roles and responsibilities of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee (NRC) are as follows:

- ➤ To oversee the framing, review and implementation of Compensation Policy of the Bank on behalf of the Board.
- ➤ To ensure the Cost/ Income Ratio of the Bank supports the remuneration package consistent with maintenance of sound Capital Adequacy Ratio.

- To determine on their behalf and on behalf of the shareholders with agreed terms of reference, the Bank's policy on specific remuneration packages for Executive Directors including Pension rights and any compensation payment.
- For determining the modalities of providing appropriate incentives to employees, including stock options (i) to foster employee commitment and a feeling of ownership (ii) to retain employees or skill groups among them (iii) attract talented professionals (iv) to instill a sense of belonging to the Bank, among employees.

### b. Information relating to the design and structure of remuneration processes and the key features and objectives of Remuneration Policy.

Remuneration and other perquisites paid to the Chairman and Managing Director & CEO are as approved by the Reserve Bank of India. Non-executive Directors are being paid sitting fees for each meeting attended by them. During the year, no remuneration, excepting sitting fees and reimbursement of actual travel and out-of-pocket expenses was paid.

The Bank has formed the Compensation Policy based on the Reserve Bank of India guidelines vide its circular no. DBOD.No.BC.72/29.67.001/2011-12 dtd. 13/01/2012 and was last reviewed on 29.08.2019. For employees coming under IBA pattern the compensation will be as per Bi-partite settlement and Joint Note signed between Indian Bank Association (based on mandate given by Bank) and Employees/ Officers' representatives, which will be revised once in five years. Cost To Company (CTC) compensation is individual based in character and fixed at the time of recruitment based on the Bank's assessment of the individual's potential and experience. CTC Employees will be compensated to a maximum of 120% of their IBA equivalent salary. Annual increments will be linked to Bank's performance and their individual performance, as decided by the Board/Committee/ MD & CEO on a case to case basis.

#### c. Description of the ways in which current and future risks are taken into account in the remuneration processes. It should include the nature and type of the key measures used to take account of these risks.

The Board of Directors through the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Board shall exercise oversight and effective governance over the framing and implementation of the Compensation policy. Human Resource Management under the guidance of MD & CEO shall administer the Compensation and Benefit structure in line with the best suited practices and statutory requirements as applicable.

### d. Description of the ways in which the Bank seeks to link performance during a performance measurement period with levels of remuneration.

The factors taken in to account for the annual performance review are:

- > The performance of the Bank
- > The performance of the business unit
- ➤ Individual performance of the employee,
- > Other risk perceptions and economic considerations

# e. A discussion of the Bank's policy on deferral and vesting of variable remuneration and a discussion of the Bank's policy and criteria for adjusting deferred remuneration before vesting and after vesting.

- As of now Bank is not offering variable pay and hence no such deferral of variable pay is being offered.
- Employee Stock Option Scheme/ Employee Stock Option Plan as may be framed by the Board from time to time in conformity with relevant statutory provisions and SEBI guidelines as applicable will be excluded from the components of variable pay.

# f. Description of the different forms of variable remuneration (i.e. cash, shares, ESOPs and other forms) that the Bank utilises and the rationale for using these different forms.

Variable pay means the compensation as fixed by the Board on recommendation of the Committee, which is based on the performance appraisal of an employee in that role, that is, how well they accomplish their goals. It may be paid as:

- ➤ Performance Linked Incentives to those employees who are eligible for incentives
- Ex-gratia for other employees who are not eligible for Performance linked Incentives.
- ➤ Bonus for those staff members who are eligible for bonus under the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965.

As of now, Bank is not having a variable pay structure except for MD & CEO.

#### **Ouantitative disclosures**

Number of meetings held by the Nomination & Remuneration Committee	1
during the quarter ended on June 30, 2022	
Remuneration paid to the members of Nomination & Remuneration	Rs.45000
Committee (Sitting fees) during the Quarter ended June 30, 2022	
Number of employees having received a variable remuneration award	NIL
during the financial year.	
Number of sign-on awards made during the financial year.	NIL
Total amount of sign-on awards made during the financial year.	NIL
Details of guaranteed bonus, if any, paid as joining / sign on bonus.	NIL

Details of severance pay, in addition to accrued benefits, if any.		NIL
Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration, split into cash, shares		NIL
and share-linked instruments		
Total amount of deferred remuneration paid out in the financial year.		NIL
Breakdown of amount of remuneration awards for the quarter ended June		
30, 2022		
	Fixed	NIL
	Variable	NIL

#### <u>Table DF-16: Equities – DISCLOSURE FOR BANKING BOOK POSITIONS:</u>

The Bank does not have Equities in Banking Book and hence not applicable.

### Table DF17- DISCLOSURE OF COMPARISON OF ACCOUNTING ASSETS Vs. LEVERAGE RATIO

#### Leverage Ratio

Leverage ratio is a non-risk based measure of all exposures for the Tier-I capital. The Leverage ratio is calibrated to act as a credible supplementary measure to the risk based capital requirements. The Basel III Leverage ratio is defined as the Capital measure (the numerator) divided by the Exposure measure (the denominator), with this ratio expressed as a percentage. Effective from the quarter commencing October 1, 2019, the minimum leverage ratio shall be 3.50%.

Leverage Ratio = <u>Capital Measure (Tier I Capital)</u> Exposure Measure

Ta	Table DF 17- Summary comparison of accounting assets vs. Leverage Ratio		
	Item	(Rs. in Million)	
1	Total consolidated assets as per published financial statements	141692.19	
	Adjustment for investments in banking, financial, insurance or	4896.58	
	commercial entities that are consolidated for accounting		
2	purposes but outside the scope of regulatory consolidation		
	Adjustment for fiduciary assets recognized on the Balance Sheet	(847.44)	
	pursuant to the operative accounting framework but excluded		
3	from the leverage ratio exposure measure		
4	Adjustments for derivative financial instruments	103.98	
	Adjustment for securities financing transactions (i.e. repos and	0.00	
5	similar secured lending)		
	Adjustment for off-balance sheet items (i.e. conversion to credit	3483.06	
6	equivalent amounts of off- balance sheet exposures)		
		(4452)	
7	Other adjustments		
8	Leverage ratio exposure	144876.37	

Con-Balance Sheet exposures		Table DF-18: Leverage Ratio common disclosure template		
On-balance sheet items (excluding derivatives and SFTs, but including collateral)  (Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital)  Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2)  Derivative exposures  Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. 88.37 net of eligible cash variation margin)  Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)  8 (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)  9 Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)  10 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  10 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  10 Securities financing transaction exposures  Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions (Okteted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)  10 CCR exposure for SFT assets  11 Agent transaction exposures  Other off-balance sheet exposures  Other off-balance sheet exposures at gross notional amount  11 Agent transaction exposures  Other off-balance sheet exposures  Other off-balance sheet exposures at gross notional amount  3483.06  Capital and Total exposures  Other capital accounting transaction fines 17 and 18)  Capital and Total exposures  Other off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  Leverage ratio		Item	Leverage ratio framework	
1 including collateral) 142136.77 2 (Asset amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital) 847.44 Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2) 141289.33  Derivative exposures  Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. 88.37 net of eligible cash variation margin) Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions  Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework 0  (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions) 0  8 (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures) 0  4 Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives (sum of lines 4 to 10) 103.98  Securities financing transaction exposures Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions 0  (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets) 0  Other off-balance sheet exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15) 0  Other off-balance sheet exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15) 0  Other off-balance sheet exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15) 0  Other off-balance sheet exposures (sum of lines 17 and 18) 3483.06  Capital and Total exposures (sum of lines 17 and 18) 3483.06  Capital and Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19) 144876.37  Leverage ratio				
Case amounts deducted in determining Basel III Tier 1 capital		•		
Total on-balance sheet exposures (excluding derivatives and SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2)  Derivative exposures  Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)  Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions  Transactions  Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework  (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)  8 (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)  9 Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives (Adjusted effective notional affsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)  10 (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)  11 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  Securities financing transaction exposures  Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions  (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)  12 CCR exposure for SFT assets  13 Agent transaction exposures  14 CCR exposure for SFT assets  15 Agent transaction exposures  16 to 15)  Other off-balance sheet exposures  17 Off-balance sheet exposures at gross notional amount  3483.06  Capital and Total exposures  17 Total exposures (sum of lines 17 and 18)  Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  144876.37  Leverage ratio				
3 SFTs) (sum of lines 1 and 2)	2		847.44	
Derivative exposures   Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)   Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives   15.61		1		
Replacement cost associated with all derivatives transactions (i.e. net of eligible cash variation margin)  Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions  5 transactions  Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework  (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)  8 (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)  9 Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives  (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)  10 written credit derivatives)  11 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  12 for sale accounting transaction exposures  Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions  (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross  SFT assets)  12 CCR exposure for SFT assets  13 Agent transaction exposures  Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)  0 Other off-balance sheet exposures  17 Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount  3483.06  18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)  0 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  3483.06  Capital and Total exposures  20 Tier 1 capital  6721.85  144876.37  Leverage ratio	3		141289.33	
4 net of eligible cash variation margin) Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions  Cross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework  (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)  (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)  Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives  (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)  10 written credit derivatives)  11 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  12 Securities financing transaction exposures  Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions  (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross  SFT assets)  O (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross  SFT assets)  O (Other off-balance sheet exposures  O Other off-balance sheet exposures  17 Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount  Adagnate transaction conversion to credit equivalent amounts)  Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  Capital and Total exposures  10 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  Leverage ratio		•		
Add-on amounts for PFE associated with all derivatives transactions  Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework  (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)  (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)  Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives  (Adjusted effective notional affects and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)  (Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  Securities financing transaction exposures  Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions  (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross  SFT assets)  CCR exposure for SFT assets  Agent transaction exposures  Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)  Other off-balance sheet exposures  Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount  3483.06  (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)  Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  Capital and Total exposures  O Tier 1 capital  6721.85  Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  Leverage ratio			88.37	
5 transactions  Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework  (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)  8 (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)  9 Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives  (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)  10 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  11 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  12 for sale accounting transaction exposures  Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions  (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross  13 SFT assets)  0 (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross  13 SFT assets)  0 (CCR exposure for SFT assets  15 Agent transaction exposures  16 to 15)  0 Other off-balance sheet exposures  17 Off-balance sheet exposures  18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)  19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  Capital and Total exposures  20 Tier I capital  6721.85  11 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  Leverage ratio	4			
Gross-up for derivatives collateral provided where deducted from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework  (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)  8 (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)  9 Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)  10 written credit derivatives)  11 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  12 Securities financing transaction exposures  13 Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross 13 SFT assets)  14 CCR exposure for SFT assets 15 Agent transaction exposures  16 to 15)  17 Other off-balance sheet exposures  17 Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount  18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)  19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  19 Capital and Total exposures  20 Tier 1 capital  10 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  14 Leverage ratio				
from the balance sheet assets pursuant to the operative accounting framework  (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)  (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)  Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives  (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)  10 total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  Securities financing transaction exposures  Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions  (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets)  10 CCR exposure for SFT assets  12 Agent transaction exposures  Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)  Other off-balance sheet exposures  17 Off-balance sheet exposures at gross notional amount  18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)  19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  Capital and Total exposures  20 Tier 1 capital  6721.85  Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  Leverage ratio	5		15.61	
6 accounting framework (Deductions of receivables assets for cash variation margin provided in derivatives transactions)  8 (Exempted CCP leg of client-cleared trade exposures)  9 Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives)  10 written credit derivatives)  11 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  12 Securities financing transaction exposures  13 Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross 13 SFT assets)  14 CCR exposure for SFT assets 15 Agent transaction exposures 16 to 15)  17 Other off-balance sheet exposures 18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts) 19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  20 Tier 1 capital  21 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  22 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  23 Leverage ratio		1		
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9 Adjusted effective notional amount of written credit derivatives (Adjusted effective notional offsets and add-on deductions for written credit derivatives) 0 11 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10) 103.98  Securities financing transaction exposures Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions 0 (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets) 0 CCR exposure for SFT assets 15 Agent transaction exposures 0 Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15) 0 Other off-balance sheet exposures 17 Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount 18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts) 0 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18) Capital and Total exposures 20 Tier 1 capital 1 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19) 144876.37 Leverage ratio		,		
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10 written credit derivatives) 0 11 Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10) 103.98  Securities financing transaction exposures  Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions 0  (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross SFT assets) 0  12 CCR exposure for SFT assets 13 Agent transaction exposures 0  Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15) 0  Other off-balance sheet exposures 17 Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount 3483.06 18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts) 0 19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18) 3483.06  Capital and Total exposures 20 Tier 1 capital 6721.85 21 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19) 144876.37  Leverage ratio	9		0	
Total derivative exposures (sum of lines 4 to 10)  Securities financing transaction exposures  Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting for sale accounting transactions  (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross  SFT assets)  0  CCR exposure for SFT assets  15 Agent transaction exposures  Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)  Other off-balance sheet exposures  17 Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount  3483.06  (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)  Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  Capital and Total exposures  20 Tier 1 capital  6721.85  Leverage ratio				
Securities financing transaction exposures   Gross SFT assets (with no recognition of netting), after adjusting   for sale accounting transactions   O   (Netted amounts of cash payables and cash receivables of gross   SFT assets)   O   CCR exposure for SFT assets   O   Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)   O   Other off-balance sheet exposures   O   Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount   3483.06   (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts)   O   Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)   3483.06   Capital and Total exposures   O   Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)   O   O   O   O   O   O   O   O   O		,		
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14 CCR exposure for SFT assets 15 Agent transaction exposures 16 to 15) 17 Other off-balance sheet exposures 18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts) 19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18) 19 Capital and Total exposures 20 Tier 1 capital 21 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19) 22 Leverage ratio 20 Leverage ratio				
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Total securities financing transaction exposures (sum of lines 12 to 15)  Other off-balance sheet exposures  17 Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount 3483.06  18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts) 0  19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18) 3483.06  Capital and Total exposures  20 Tier 1 capital 6721.85  21 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19) 144876.37  Leverage ratio		•		
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17 Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount 18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts) 19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  Capital and Total exposures 20 Tier 1 capital 21 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  Leverage ratio  3483.06  6721.85	16	,	0	
18 (Adjustments for conversion to credit equivalent amounts) 19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  Capital and Total exposures 20 Tier 1 capital 21 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  Leverage ratio  10  3483.06  6721.85  144876.37		_		
19 Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)  Capital and Total exposures  20 Tier 1 capital  Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  Leverage ratio  3483.06  6721.85  144876.37	17	Off-balance sheet exposure at gross notional amount	3483.06	
Capital and Total exposures           20         Tier 1 capital         6721.85           21         Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)         144876.37           Leverage ratio         144876.37	18	, 0	0	
20       Tier 1 capital       6721.85         21       Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)       144876.37         Leverage ratio	19	Off-balance sheet items (sum of lines 17 and 18)	3483.06	
21 Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)  Leverage ratio  144876.37		Capital and Total exposures		
Leverage ratio	20	Tier 1 capital	6721.85	
Leverage ratio	21	Total exposures (sum of lines 3, 11, 16 and 19)	144876.37	
	22		4.64%	